

**IMPROVING TOWER DEFENSE GAME AI
(DIFFERENTIAL EVOLUTION VS
EVOLUTIONARY PROGRAMMING)**

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**FACULTY OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATICS
UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA SABAH**

2015

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**THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENTS OF
THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE
(SOFTWARE ENGINEERING)**

**FACULTY OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATICS
UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA SABAH**

2015

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that this thesis, submitted to Universiti Malaysia Sabah as partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Computer Science (Software Engineering) has not been submitted to any other university for any degree. I also certify that the work described herein is entirely my own, except for quotations and summaries sources of which have been duly acknowledged.

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6 July 2015

Cheah Keei Yuan

CERTIFIED BY

Dr Chin Kim On
SUPERVISOR

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to thank Dr. Chin Kim On for assisting me and giving ideas during my research. I also like to thank my lecturers, office staffs, course mates, friends and family to give infinite supports to complete my thesis.

ABSTRACT

The use of Artificial Intelligence has emerged into every corner of our daily life. In this modern technology era, there are many 3-Dimensional games are developed with Artificial Intelligence methods to bring out a better gaming experience. The most used of Artificial Intelligence in gaming environment is Real Time Strategy games which Real Time means actual time during a process whereas Strategy means a set of different skills. Tower Defense games are one of the Real Time Strategy category which human players exert their gameplay strategy to build tower and win highest level of game. Research on implementing Artificial Intelligence to Tower Defense games are seems unpopular in the world but Tower Defense games have been proven that its simplicity and availability to create a test bed for research. Most of the research used it as a testbed for comparing the performances of proposed algorithms. This research aims to compare the performance of Evolutionary Algorithms comprising of Differential Evolution and Evolutionary Programming combined Jordan Recurrent Neural Network, Elman's Recurrent Neural Network, Feed Forward Neural Network, and Ensemble Neural Network. The results showed the performance for Differential Evolution outperformed Evolutionary Programming. By comparing the Artificial Neural Networks, the Ensemble Neural Network proved to be slightly better than other Artificial Neural Networks. The combination of Differential Evolution and Ensemble Neural Network generated better results compared to other combination.

ABSTRAK

Penggunaan Kepintaran Buatan muncul di setiap sudut dalam kehidupan kita. Dalam era teknologi moden ini, terdapat banyak permainan 3-Dimensi dibangunkan dengan kaedah Kepintaran Buatan untuk membawa pengalaman permainan yang lebih baik. Kaedah Kepintaran Buatan sering digunakan dalam persekitaran permainan iaitu Strategi Masa Sebenar, Masa Sebenar bermakna process pada masa yang sama manakala Strategi bermakna satu set kemahiran yang berbeza. Tambahan pula, permainan Menara Pertahanan adalah salah satu kategori Strategi Masa Sebenar, pemain manusia menggunakan strategi mereka untuk membina menara dan memenangi permainan peringkat tertinggi. Penyelidikan menggunakan Kepintaran Buatan dalam permainan Menara Pertahanan adalah tidak popular di dunia, walau bagaimanapun permainan Menara Pertahanan telah membuktikan bahawa kesederhanaan dan kesediaan permainan untuk membuat ujian untuk kajian. Kebanyakan kajian yang digunakan sebagai ujian untuk membandingkan prestasi algoritma yang dicadangkan. Kajian ini bertujuan untuk membandingkan prestasi algoritma evolusi yang terdiri daripada Evolusi Kebezaan dan Pengaturcaraan Evolusi menggabungkan Rangkaian Neural Berulang Jordan, Rangkaian Neural Berulang Elman, Rangkaian Neural Suap Hadapan, dan Rangkaian Neural Ensemble. Merujuk pada keputusan, prestasi Evolusi Kebezaan mengatasi Pengaturcaraan Evolusi. Melalui prestasi Rangkaian Neural Buatan, Rangkaian Neural Ensemble terbukti mempunyai sedikit baik daripada rangkaian neural yang lain. Kombinasi Evolusi Kebezaan dan Rangkaian Neural Ensemble menjana keputusan yang lebih baik berbanding dengan kombinasi yang lain.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1. Overview

This individual project, titled "Improving Tower Defense Game AI (Differential Evolution vs Evolutionary Programming)", is a research of implementing Artificial Intelligence to Tower Defense games. Tower Defense games have been proven that its simplicity and availability makes the games are easily to be implemented on AI. However, there are some challenges to get user interest and a few complexity which are enough for greater test-bed purposes. The real challenges of this games is to get better performance based on strategic and tactical control.

The contents in this chapter are divided into seven sections. First section introduces about the project and provides a general overview of this chapter. Section two describes problem background of this project and section three provides discussion about problem statements. The forth section discusses the objectives of the projects. The project scope is defined in section five. The sixth section is the project contribution. The final section in this chapter summarizes the development of the project report.

1.2. Problem Background

Nowadays there are many researchers and game makers started using Evolutionary Algorithm to research and implement the Artificial Intelligence computer bot to various Real Time Strategy game, the computer bot will learn the players or opponents behaviors and counter their strategy to enhance the gaming experience. However,

there only a few researchers who are interested on Tower Defense games using Artificial Intelligence agent by replacing human player to play the game.

Implementing and designing computational intelligence methods on Tower Defense games will enable the Artificial Intelligence agent, replacing human player, to build tower accordingly and efficiently throughout learning across the generations of agent and win the game.

There will be two teams, human player to build towers and another is enemies that are programmed to intrude player's base or last defense. There are many criteria for the player to survive the game, first the player should build towers with certain amount of gold that are given through surviving each level of games and killing the enemies.

There are different levels of difficulty which make the game competitive. After each level of game, enemies will be upgraded by increasing health quantity and movement speed. To have a best score, player should build a minimum quantity of tower and get the highest score of all the game. This determines the player has a great skills of building tower strategically and great observation.

In order to win the game, player needs to build the tower strategically at certain locations which will eliminate all enemies which evading the base. On the other hand, if certain amount of enemies survive and reach the base, they will reduce player's life and eventually player will lose whenever there is no life remaining. The point is, surviving the game will not be easy if player unable to use correct strategy to kill all enemies.

1.3. Problem Statement

According to previous work done by Michael Manus Chong (2011), implementing AI in TD games can create an efficient, challenging and interesting TD games. However, in order to achieve best performance for game controller, a very heavy time consumption is concerned that process of EA to evolve ANN used almost twenty two hours to complete 100 generations for each methods. The main concern is whether the proposed ANN able to reduce the time consumption or complete less than 100 generations for each methods.

Tower defense games can be categorized as challenging games as it consists of complex criteria to win the games. There are multiple regions available to build

towers and choosing certain strategies to counter the enemies throughout different level of difficulty. Most map designers always ignore the level of difficulty in the games as they do not have time to test and design an appropriate map. This may create lack of challenge and interest to the gamers. Hence, implementing AI agents to the map or game will also determine the game's level of difficulty and also the experience. In order to determine the level of difficulty, the table below will show how to categorize it based on the success rate of AI agent in the game

Table 1.1: Example of success rate to determine the level of difficulty

Success Rate (%)	Level of Difficulty
0 – 30	Very Difficult
30 – 70	Moderate
70 – 100	Very Easy

In this project, there will be a new different kind of map for Tower Defense game which is a total of two customized map, comparing to previous work that containing only one single map. The purpose of creating new map is to compare performance of AI controller and result between senior's algorithms and current proposed algorithms on original map with result of current proposed algorithms on new designed map.

To have better comparison, two different Artificial Neural Networks will be implemented, Elman Recurrent Neural Network and Ensemble Neural Network which ensemble Jordan Recurrent Neural Network and Feed Forward Neural Network. Previous Evolutionary Algorithms will be continue to evolve the weight of neural networks in this project.

1.4. Project Objectives

The project's objectives are as follows:

- a. Design and create one new tower defense map from World Editor Warcraft 3 for optimization and testing used.

- b. To investigate, design, implement, and compare the selected evolutionary algorithms (differential evolution and evolutionary programming) to evolve for the required game controllers.
- c. To investigate, design and implement, and compare the selected artificial neural networks (Elman recurrent neural network and ensemble neural Network) in evolving the required game controllers.
- d. To compare result of Elman Recurrent Neural Network, Feed Forward Neural Network, Jordan Recurrent Neural Network and Ensemble Neural Network.

1.5. Project Scopes

The project's scopes are as follows:

- a. The game controller using Warcraft 3 World Editor due to its platform able to implement the AI and environment.
- b. There was contained 30 regions to build the towers and each game have 5 waves of creeps which contain 20 creeps per wave.

1.6. Project Contribution

This section show the comparison of current work and previous work of this project. In previous work, the algorithms used are Evolutionary Programming, Differential Evolution, Feed forward neural network and Jordan recurrent neural network. Besides, a map was designed to be conducted in the experiments. For this current project, the proposed algorithms are the same with previous with addition of Elman recurrent neural network and another new map.

1.7. Organization of the Project

In chapter 1, Introduction, introduce the project's overview, background, statement, objectives, scopes and organization.

In chapter 2, Literature Review, review the related works that are similar to this project and study the techniques are being used, evolutionary algorithms, neural networks and game genres.

In chapter 3, Methodology, explain the methods are being used throughout the project. During the project, evolutionary algorithms used are differential evolution and evolutionary programming. Besides, neural networks used are feed-forward neural network, Jordan recurrent neural network and Ensemble neural network.

In chapter 4, Experimental Setup, setup and explain the process of creating gaming environment and algorithms.

In chapter 5, Results and Analysis, results of implementations will be shown in graph and table form. The result will be analyzed with series of mathematical calculation to show comparison.

In chapter 6, Conclusion, a summary of current project will be delivered. Additional information of the project's experiment setup and future works will be discussed in this chapter.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1. Introduction

This chapter will discuss on the methods and terms that are being used and related in the research, such as Real Time Strategy, Tower Defense, Evolutionary Algorithms and Artificial Neural Network. Besides, comparisons of all the literature reviews will be made in table form at end of the session. All the discussions are partly based on past research articles, academic journal and book.

2.2. Real Time Strategy

Real Time Strategy games are some part of simulations where a group of players in different teams planning their tactics and strategy to destroy and counter opponent's bases. In RTS games, players can be offensive or defensive while planning the game strategy, for classic and famous example of games, Blizzard Entertainment: Warcraft 3 (Blizzard Entertainment, 2014), technically players should have planned their resources to build bases or defend towers accordingly to defend enemies intrusions, and in the meantime, they create and plan their attacking strategies with limited number of different troops, better health yet lower attack or vice versa. As there are many kind of strategies and constraints in RTS games, implementation of Artificial Intelligence in them are suitable to solve extremely complex environments.

David and Colm (2001) expressed that problem solving can be handled at different levels of abstraction, ranging from strategic to unit level. In addition, for AI

agents, the lack of ability for good strategic planning does not lead to goal although they exhibit good tactical behavior. They proposed a multi-agent system using Genetic Programming on board game that able to recognize and adapt the environment while interacting between agents.

Christopher and Sushil (2013) compared Hill-Climber and Genetic Algorithm in searching a better strategy and performance. Their result show that hill-climbing produces more effective strategies after three hour but only get effective solutions 6% of the time out of thirty two runs. However, in GA, all the population of individual get optimal solutions 100% of the time out of ten runs after twenty hours.

X.L. Tong *et al.* (2011) proposed an idea to handle the problem of multi-team weapon target assignment and distribution of defensive position with restrictive limit of weapon resource in RTS games. They used Genetic Algorithm and Particle swarm optimization and compare their performance. Both methods able to achieve efficient results similarly but PSO tends to be a little faster than GA.

Table 2.1: Summary of Problem and Method Used

	Problem	Method Used
David and Colm (2001)	Board Game	Genetic Programming
Christopher and Sushil (2013)	Warcraft Map	Hill-Climber and Genetic Algorithm
X.L. Tong <i>et al.</i> (2011)	- Multi-team weapon target assignment - Distribution of defensive position	Genetic Algorithm and Particle swarm optimization

2.3. Tower Defense

Tower Defense is one of the genre of Real Time Strategy games. There are three main aspect in every Tower Defense game which are player, enemy and base. The rule of the game is player must build towers on given spaces to attack waves of enemies and prevent them to approach the base. If player does not able to place the tower strategically, the game will eventually ended with bad score.

To survive the waves of enemies, player must have sufficient resources to build tower at better location by killing the enemies and pass the game's level. Enemy will

be enhanced with health, movement speed or ability after each round of game play. Once an enemy reach the base, player will lose a life or resources according to the game's rule. The remaining life will be bring forward to the next round and player has to plan carefully until the game ends.

Tower Defense games are always a challenging, simple and fun games. The simplicity and strategically of gameplay have created a large group of TD gamers over the centuries. The purpose of implementing Computer Intelligence in TD games is to create a more interesting, interactive and sustainable gaming experience (Phillipa Avery *et al.*, 2011).

Paul (2011) proposed an adaptive algorithm and variance algorithm to study the AI pattern on building the tower in the game. His results showed that they can achieve its goal at least 50% of the time while other stuck at local optimum.

Leow *et al.* (2013) implemented Genetic Programming (GP) with Feed-forward neural network (FFNN) and Elman-recurrent neural network (ERNN) on Warcraft 3 Tower Defense game. Their results showed the proposed algorithms are not getting ideal results. There must different evolutionary algorithms to achieve a better results.

Examples of Tower Defense games are Plants Vs Zombies (PopCap Games, 2014), Element Tower Defense in Warcraft 3 (Evan Hatampour, 2014), Defense Grid (Hidden Path Entertainment, 2014) and PixelJunks Monsters (Q-Games, 2014). Plants Vs Zombies game has a little different than other common Tower Defense game as its enemy's travelling path are straight forward whereas common Tower Defense game has a distorted path.

2.3.1. Plants Vs Zombies

Plants Vs Zombies was designed by PopCap Games in 2009. This game has some similarity of common Tower Defense games but the gameplay is far more interesting and successfully attracted many players to download and play. The unique characteristics of this game are straight path for enemy to reach the bases. Next is graphic design, defensive towers are illustrated by different kind of plant and enemies are zombies. The developer also inserted stories as part of different level of gameplay which players will not feel boring of the game. The resource of the game, the Sun or light source, is generated through planting "sunflower" and randomly dropping into the screen.



Figure 2.1: Plants vs Zombies

2.3.2. Common Tower Defense Games

Element TD, created by Evan Hatampour, is an eight players Warcraft 3 Tower Defense and players must defend their own path and compete each other with the longest stay in the game. There are six elements in this game which are light, darkness, water, fire, nature and earth. Each element takes greater additional damage from other elements. Players also able to combine the elements of towers to create a unique dual tower.



Figure 2.2: Element TD

Defense Grid, created by Hidden Path Entertainment, has a bigger map than other tower defense games. The interesting parts of the game are the better graphic design, larger map and enemies will return to spawn point after they successfully grab

a core from player's base. The developer created different gaming experience for example, single player campaign, player versus player arena and multiplayer co-op (all players in a team).



Figure 2.3 Defense Grid

PixelJunks Monsters, created by Q-Games, is another popular tower defense game. The uniqueness of this game are player needs to control a character to collect resources (coins and gems), the cartoony art design and different path designed, linear or branching path.



Figure 2.4: PixelJunks Monsters

Table 2.2: Summary of Tower Defense Games

Tower Defense Game	Path	Unique Feature
Plants Vs Zombies	Multiple small linear path (Land and Water)	Plants as defensive towers and Zombies as enemies
Element TD	Linear	Eliminate enemies using elements.
Defense Grid	Multiple linear path	Enemies will return to their spawn point after carrying core from player's base.
PixelJunks Monsters	Linear or branching.	Player controls character to collect coins and gems.

2.4. Map Design

To study a usual map designed for Tower Defense game, total of 12 map design are studied from various sources.

Table 2.3: Table of 12 Different Map Design for Tower Defense Game



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