LIMNONECTES KUHLII (Kuhl's Creek Frog). MAXIMUM SIZE. Limnonectes kuhlii is commonly found in or around water from in primary forests to the vicinity of human settlements up to elevation of 1750 m asl in north-eastern India, southern China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Myanmar, Laos, Vietnam, Thailand, Peninsular Malaysia, Sumatra, Java, Borneo, and Sulawesi (Inger and Tan 1996. The Natural History of Amphibians and Reptiles in Sabah. Natural History Publications [Borneo] Sdn. Bhd. Kota Kinabalu. vi + 101 pp.; Malkmus et al. 2002. Amphibians and Reptiles of Mount Kinabalu [North Borneo]. A.R.G. Gantner Verlag K.G. Ruggell. 424 pp.; Inger and Stuebing 2005. A Field Guide to the Frogs of Borneo. Second ed. Natural History Publications [Borneo] Sdn. Bhd. Kota Kinabalu. viii + 201 pp.; Das 2007. A Pocket Guide: Amphibians and Reptiles of Brunei. Natural History Publications [Borneo] Sdn. Bhd. Kota Kinabalu. viii + 200 pp.). L. kuhlii is an anuran with stocky body, short and muscular limbs, as well as broad head that is more prominent in males, enabling the males to grow larger than the females (Inger 2005. The Systematics and Zoogeography of the Amphibia of Borneo. Natural History Publications [Borneo] Sdn. Bhd. Kota Kinabalu. 402 pp.). Previous publications reported the maximum size for L. kuhlii to be SVL 75 mm (Inger 2005. op. cit.; Das 2007. op. cit.). Herein we report a new maximum size for the species.

On 17 August 2009, between 1900 and 2200 h, an adult *L. kuhlii* was sampled via opportunistic examination at Sungai Kepungit (6°N 116.5439°E; 1394 m elev.), Bundu Tuhan, Ranau District, West Coast Division, Sabah, Bornean Malaysia. Air temperature was 18.6°C, and relative humidity was 84%. The SVL of the specimen was 88 mm (mass 61.7 g). Measurements of the SVL and mass were taken with a pocket standard metric tape measure and electronic balances respectively. The presence of a pair of conspicuous tooth-like projections on the lower jaw, and large size suggest that the anuran was male. The specimen (HEP00959) was deposited in BORNEENSIS, the Bornean reference collection of the Institute for Tropical Biology and Conservation, Universiti Malaysia Sabah.

On the same night, 7 other *L. kuhlii* were sampled along the same river (SVL range 27 - 81 mm, mass range 1.7 - 61.6 g). Two specimens were larger than SVL 75 mm (HEP00960: SVL 81 mm, mass 61.6 g, and HEP00963: SVL 77 mm, mass 39.5 g).

We thank Agnes James Lintanga for field assistance and Applinious Sami for field transportation. Sampling was conducted under the auspices of Jawatankuasa Pemegang Amanah Hutan Simpanan dan Tanah Perumahan Bumiputera Kg. Bundu Tuhan, Ranau. We also thank the Institute for Tropical Biology and Conservation, Universiti Malaysia Sabah for support.

Submitted by **KUEH BOON-HEE** (e-mail: kbhkelvin@hotmail.com), **TAN LI KANG** (e-mail: likang\_87@hotmail.com), **THOMAS VOO CHUNG HEW**, **TAN CHEE TING** (e-mail: lastname\_libra87@hotmail.com), **KOH WAN SIN** (e-mail: ahnek87@gmail.com), **NORASMIL ISMAIL** (e-mail: norasmilismail@yahoo.com.my) and **JUELBER ALBERT** (e-mail: jueru\_jwel@yahoo.com), Institute for Tropical Biology and Conservation, Universiti Malaysia Sabah, Locked Bag 2073, 88999 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia.