Kecekapan Pasaran Pertukaran Wang Asing di Malaysia

Abstract

This study aims to examine the efliciency of the foreign exchange market (PPWA) in Malaysia, focusing on the issue of fonmrd exchange rate (KPWAH) as a predictor offuture spot exchange rate (KPW AS) . In examining the issue, daily and monthly bilateral data of Ringgit Malaysia (RM) against US dollar (AS\$) , Pound Sterling (£) , Deutschemark (DM) , Japanese Yen (\$) , and Singapore dollar (s\$) II'ere used. The data II'ere also divided into three samples; the II'hole sample and two sub-samples. The test II'as carried out using ordinary least squares (OLS) method. The results shall' that KPWA H is not a good predictor of future KPWAS and this indicates that fonl'ard exchange market in Malaysia is inefficient. The resulrs II'ere consistent under all circumstances, using either daily or 1110nthly data, and using either the whole sample or tll'O sub-samples.