In vitro and In vivo Biocontrol Performance of Trichoderma harzianum Rifai on Ganoderma boninense Pat. Related to Pathogenicity on Oil Palm (Elaeis guineensis Jacq.)

ABSTRACT

Ganoderma boninense, causes basal stem rot disease in oil palm, which leads to severe losses to the palm oil industry. The antagonistic effect of Trichoderma harzianum on G. boninense (a causal pathogen for oil palm) was tested by in vitro and in vivo studies. T. harzianum inhibited the mycelia growth of G. boninense on in vitro plate assay experiment and in vivo on the glass house grown oil palm plants. During the in vivo experiment, at first time point after one month, G. boninense development was found in oil palm root tissues in control plants whereas in T. harzianum treated plants no disease symptoms were observed until at the end of the experiment. It is a broad-spectrum approach to use T. harzianum to control G. boninense infection of oil palm.