Development of electrochemical DNA biosensor for Trichoderma harzianum based on ionic liquid/ZnO nanoparticles/chitosan/gold electrode

Abstract

Electrochemical DNA biosensor was successfully developed by depositing the ionic liquid (e.g., 1-ethyl-3- methylimidazolium trifluoromethanesulfonate ([EMIM] [Otf])), ZnO nanoparticles, and chitosan (CHIT) nanocomposite membrane on a modified gold electrode (AuE). The electrochemical properties of the [EMIM][Otf]/ZnO/CHIT/ AuE for detection of DNA hybridization were studied. Under optimal conditions using cyclic voltammetry, the target DNA sequences could be detected in the concentration range of 1.0×10^{-18} to 1.82×10^{-4} mol L⁻¹, and with the detection limit of 1.0×10^{-19} mol L-1. This DNA biosensor detection approaches provide a quick, sensitive, and convenient method to be used in the identification of Trichoderma harzianum.